Levercliff Sustainability Research Summary



Category Consultants to the Food & Drink Industry

Who We Are, The Levercliff Team

Category Consultants



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Andrew Doyle Innovation

We're trusted by the food & drink industry

Some of our customers



















































Sustainability - what are consumers thinking?



Methodology

10 minute quantitative research

UK Representative

Sample size of 1006

Plus Wales & Scotland Boost

Analysis by Levercliff

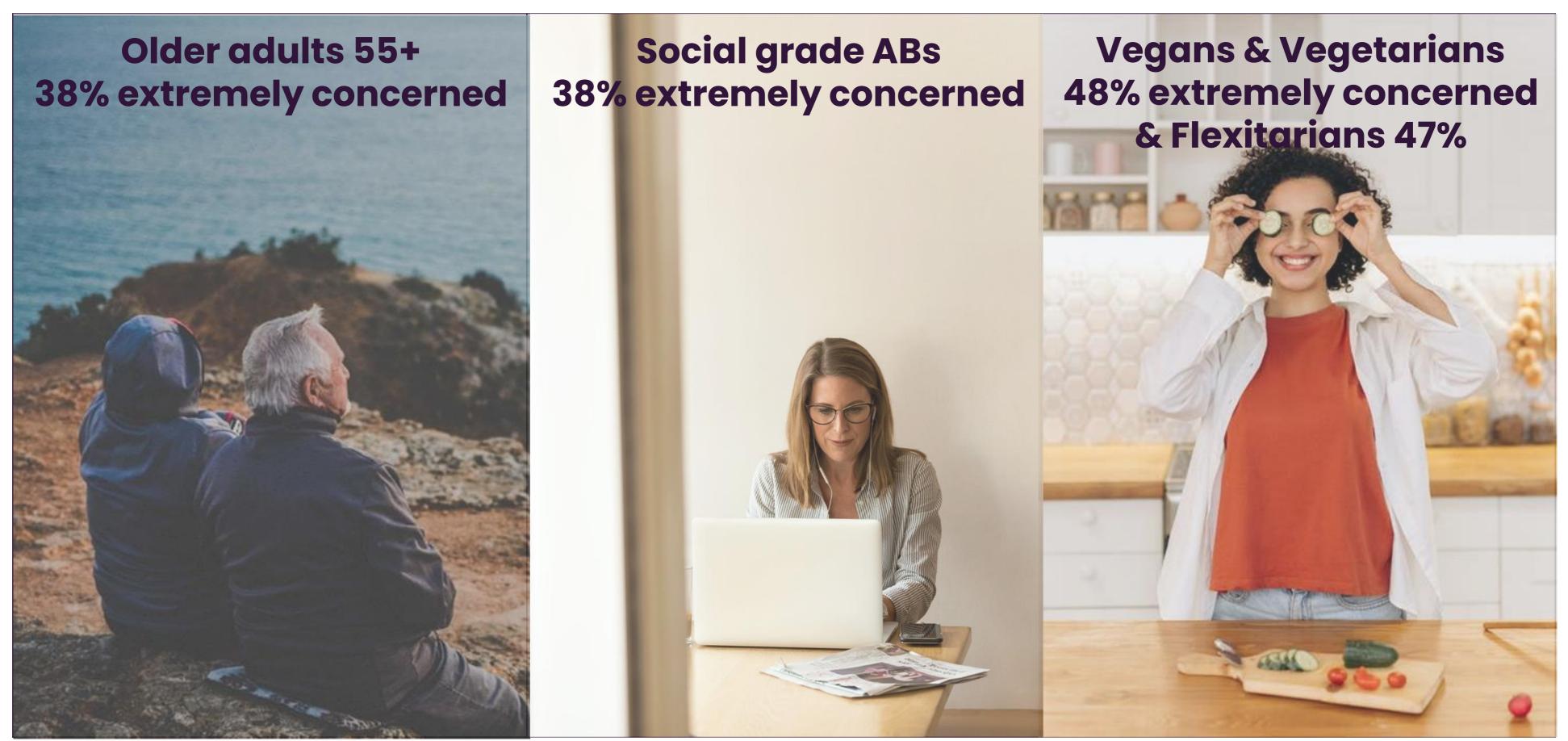
Conducted in October 2021



People are worried about the environment

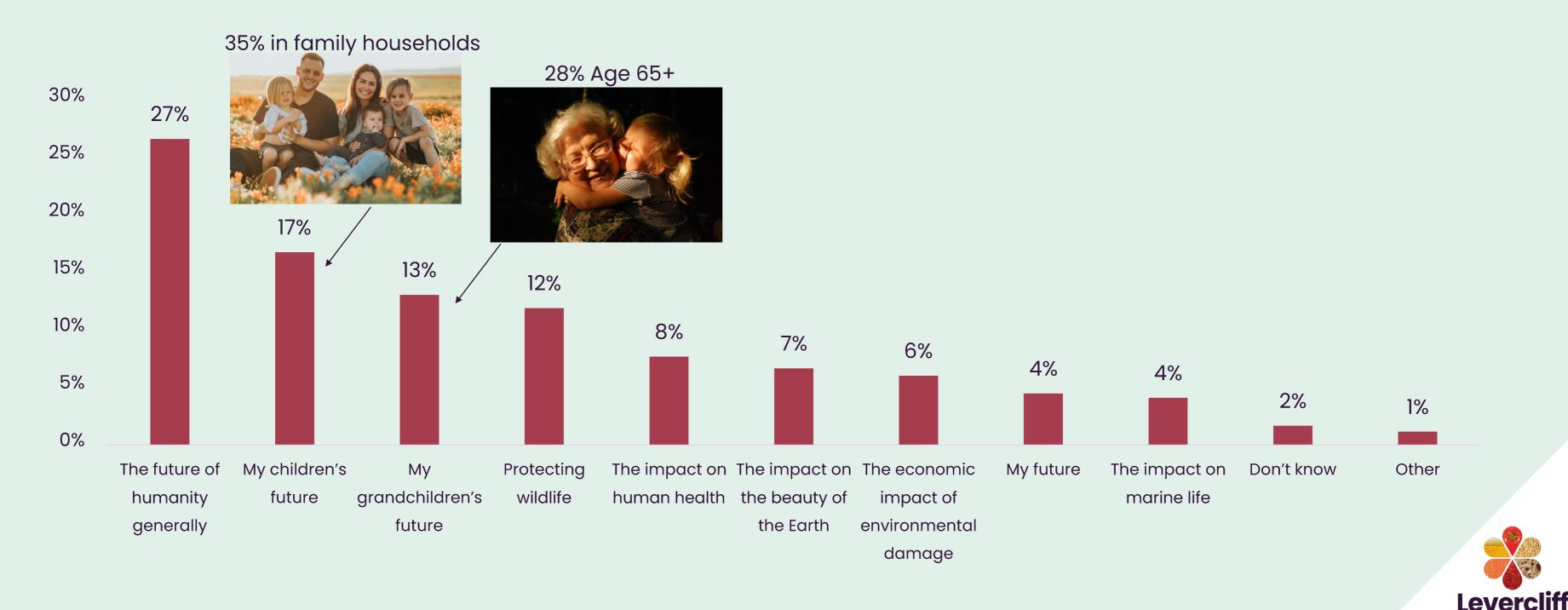


Who is Most Concerned?

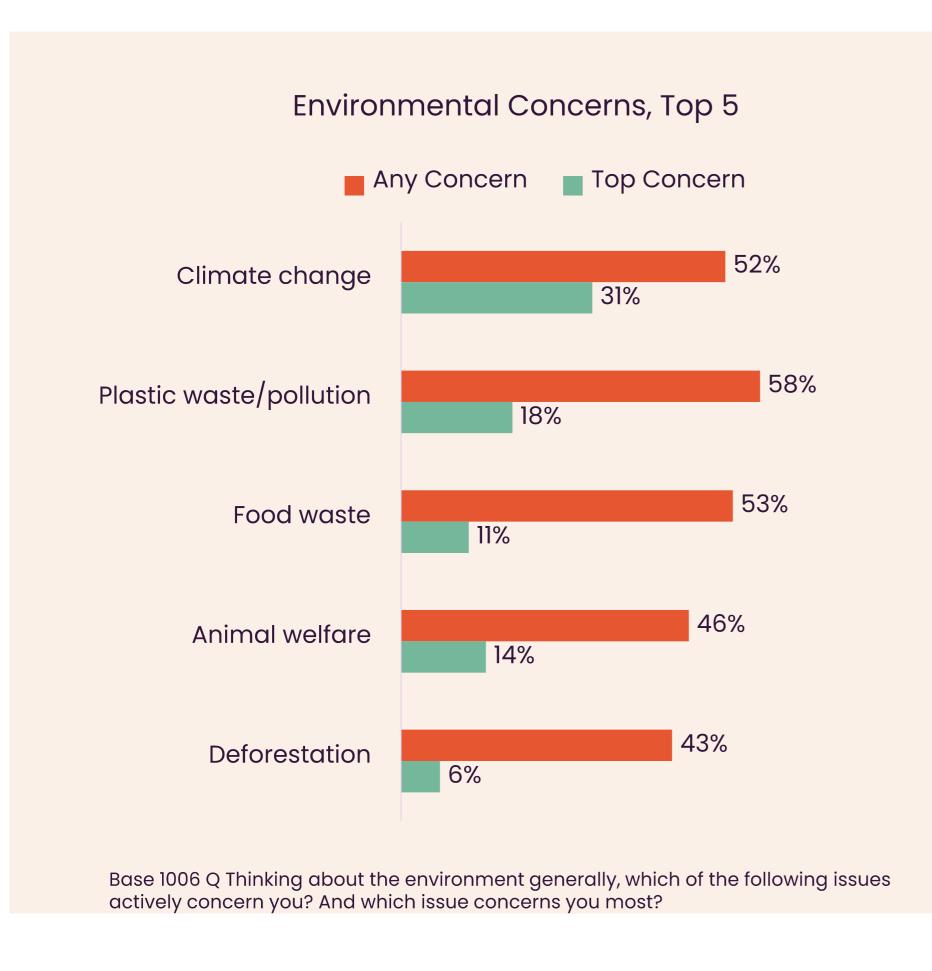


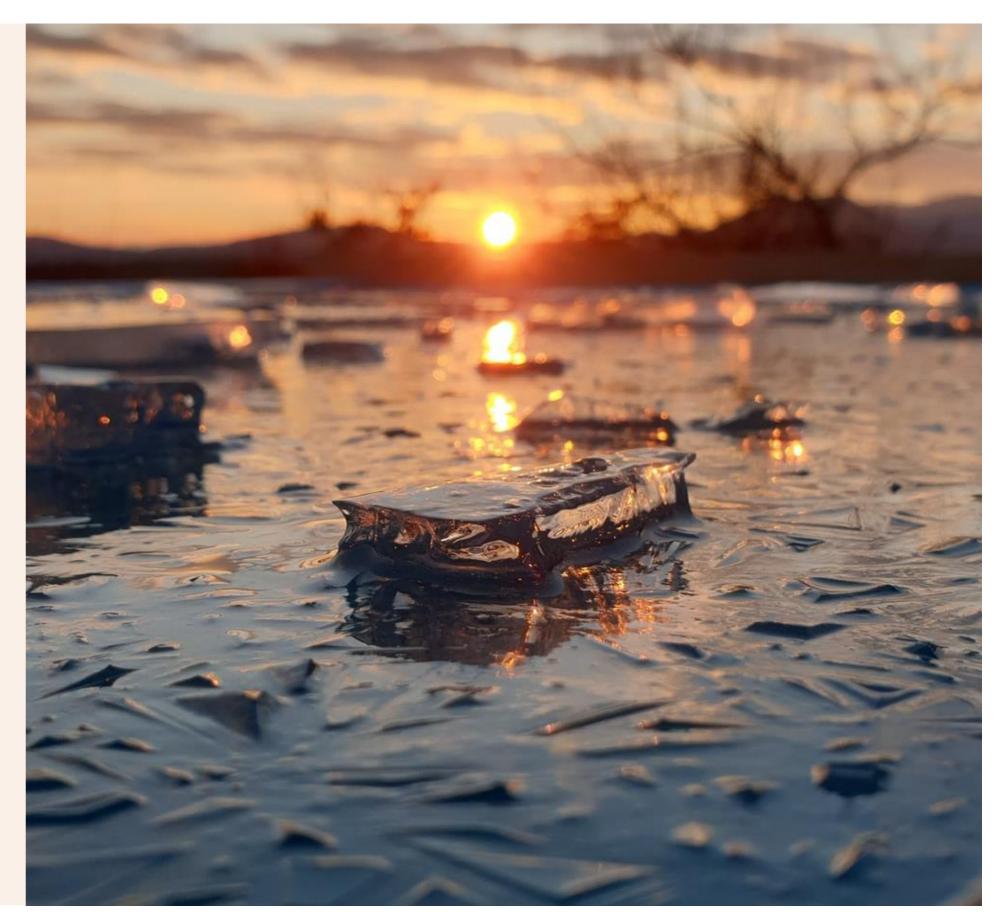
Why are People Concerned?

People are concerned about the future of humanity generally but also at a personal level the impact on their children's/grandchildren's future



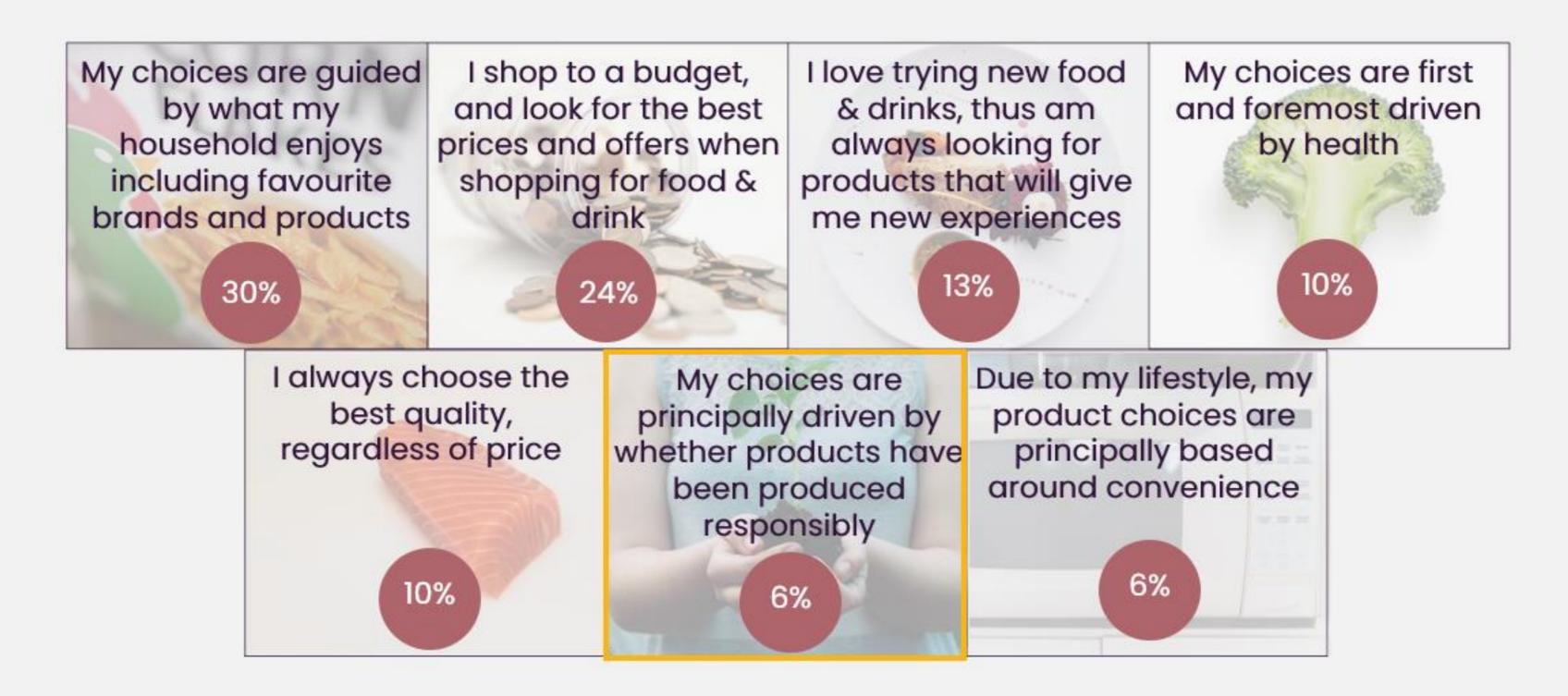
What Are They Concerned About?





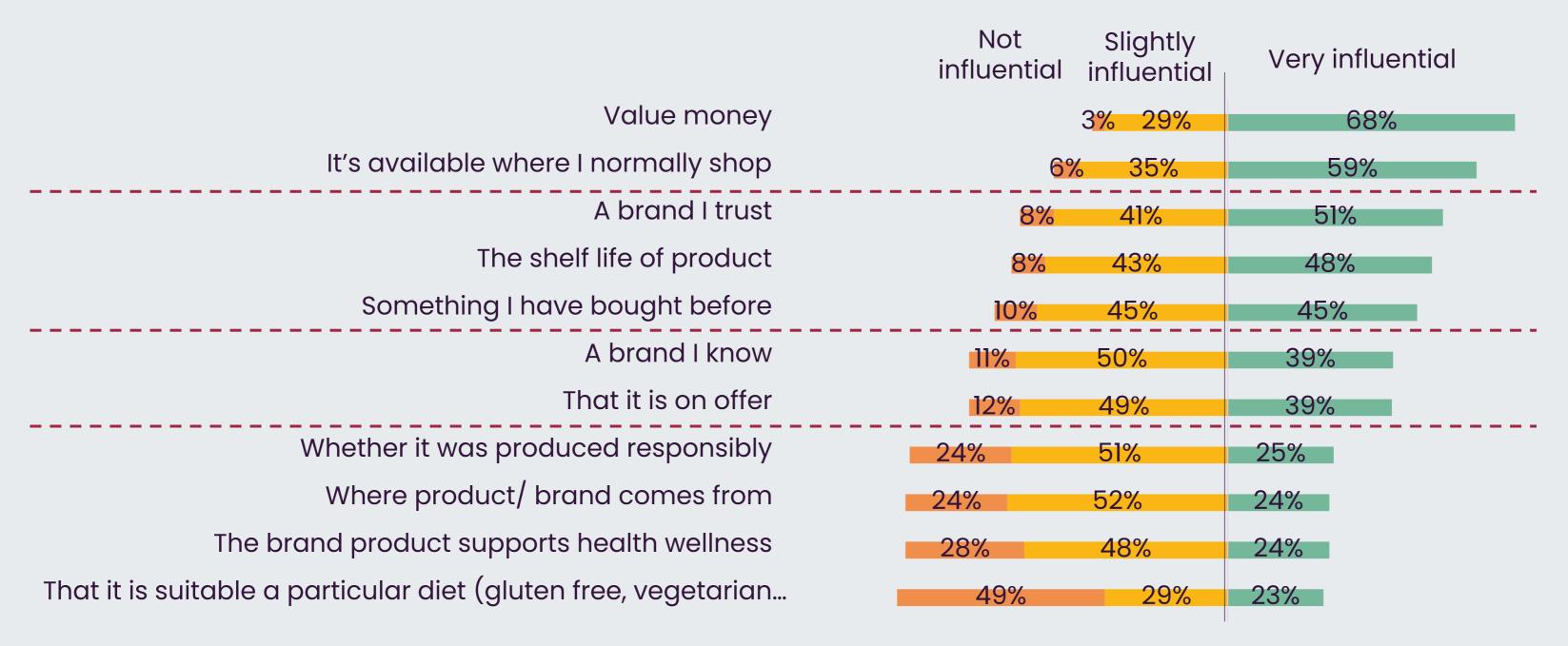


Currently few consumers are guided by sustainable choices when shopping for food & drink



Product/Brand Choice Drivers

Sustainable factors currently have only a comparatively limited impact on product or brand choice.





How Do Consumers Judge Whether a Company is a Responsible Producer?

How companies serve consumers and support a healthier environment is considered most important





2021

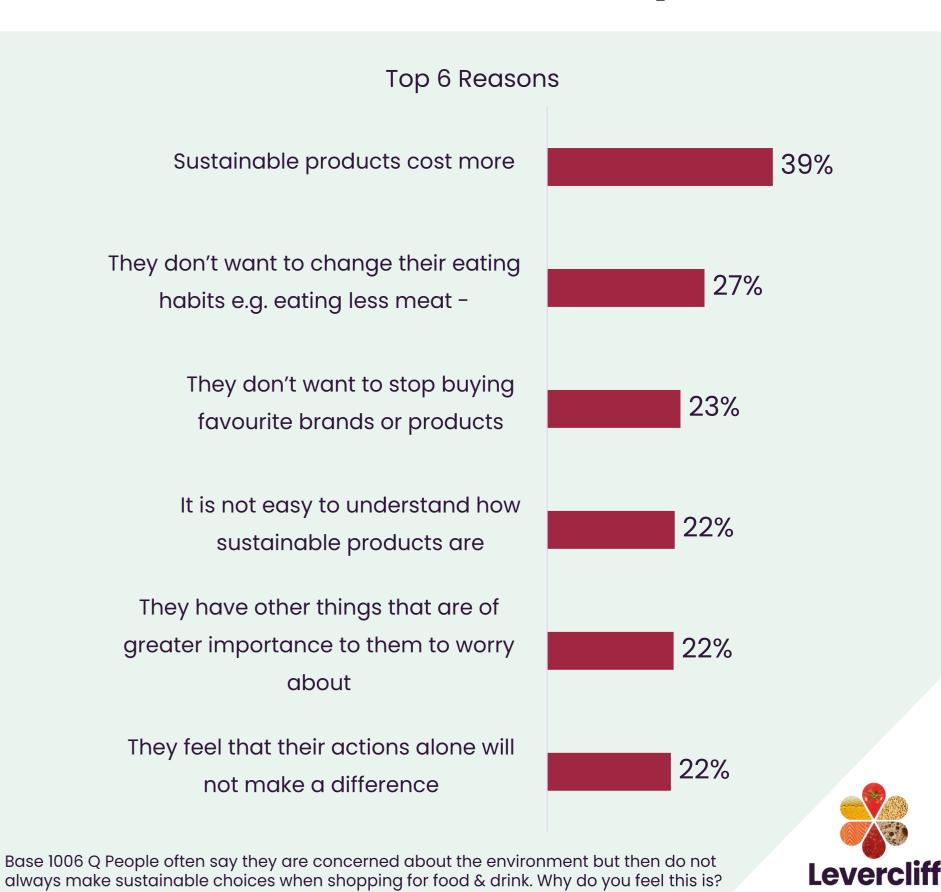






Cost is the main barrier to shopping more sustainably but also a reluctance to change current habits or switch from favourite products







Who Should Pay Some or All of the Cost to Make Products More Sustainable?

They feel the cost burden should be shared



Consumers (e.g., through higher prices)

Any responsibility for additional costs

26%

Government (e.g., through subsidies)

34%

Retailers (e.g., absorbing additional costs)



Food manufacturers (e.g., absorbing additional costs)



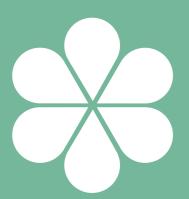
Farmers (e.g., absorbing additional costs)



Don't know 21%



2021



So What?

Consumers are worried about the environment and are looking to producers to provide sustainable solutions.

However, with growing pressures on household finances from rising prices (in food & drink and elsewhere) most consumers are not prepared to move to sustainable products at any cost.

Who is Responsible for Making Food & Drink More Sustainable?

While consumers feel there is a joint responsibility ultimately, they feel it lies with food manufacturers and Government

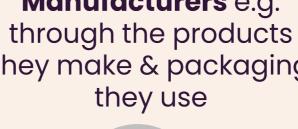


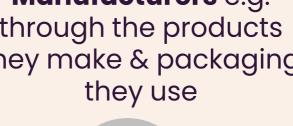
Consumers e.g. through what they buy

Government e.g. through legislation

Retailers e.g. through the products & packaging they source and sell

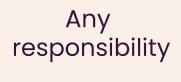
Manufacturers e.g. through the products they make & packaging they use







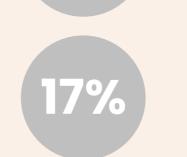
















Farmers e.g. through

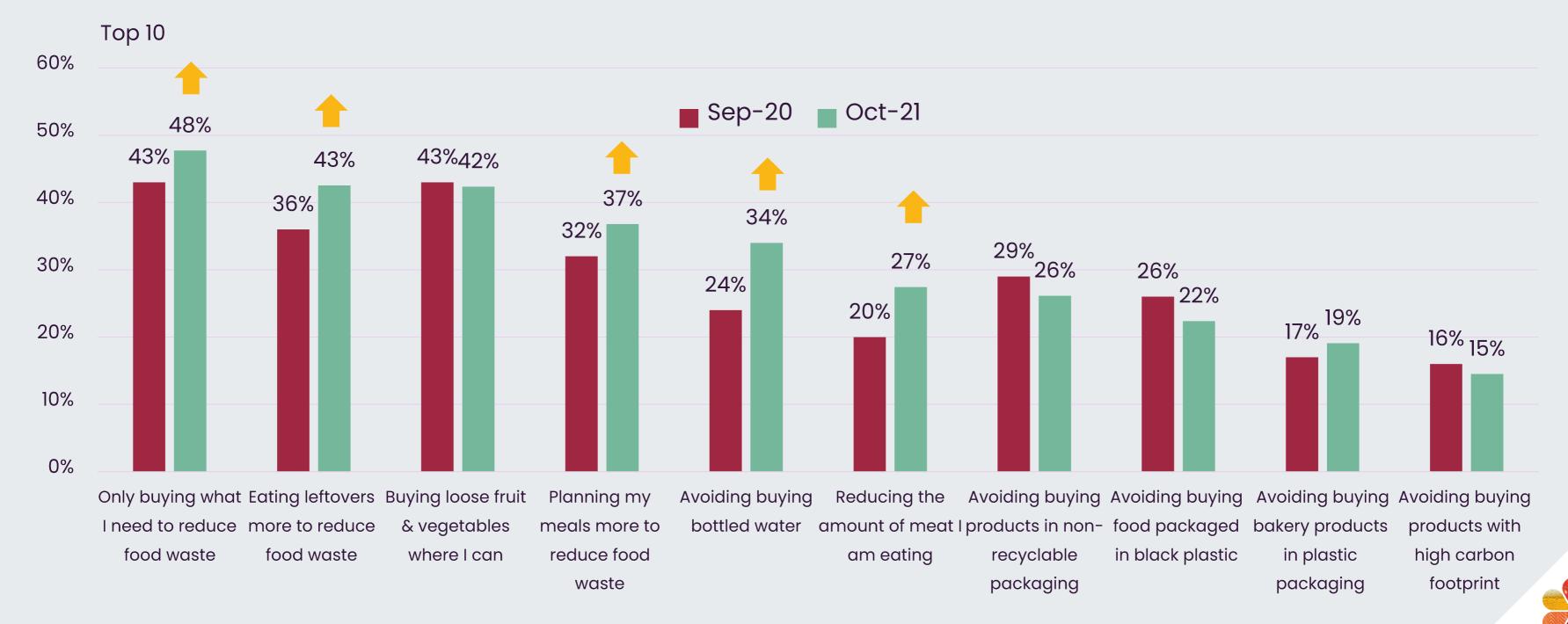
farming methods



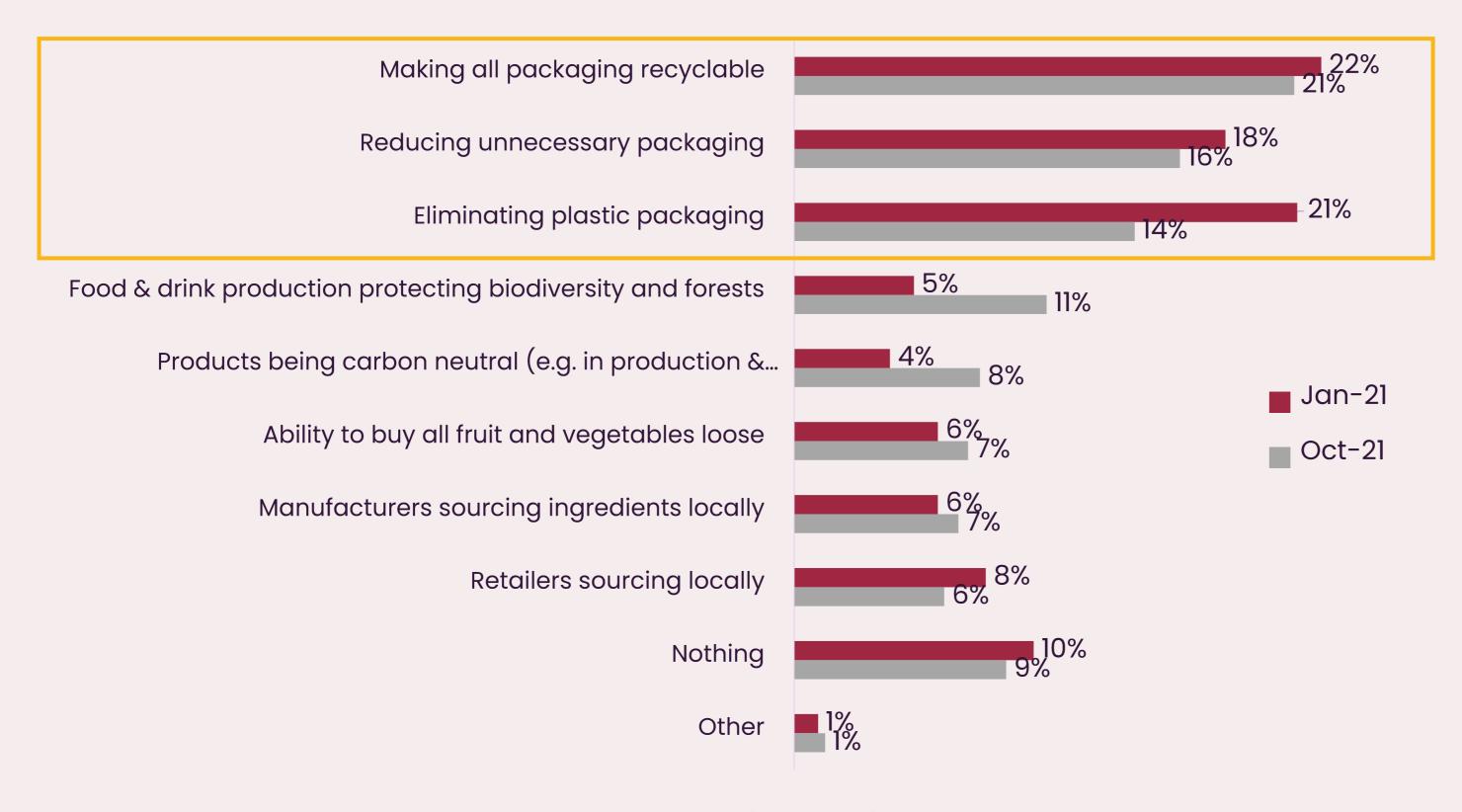
Base 1006 Q Whose responsibility do you feel it is to make the food & drink we buy more sustainable?

What Are People Doing Around Food & Drink?

Reducing food waste is the main action consumers are taking

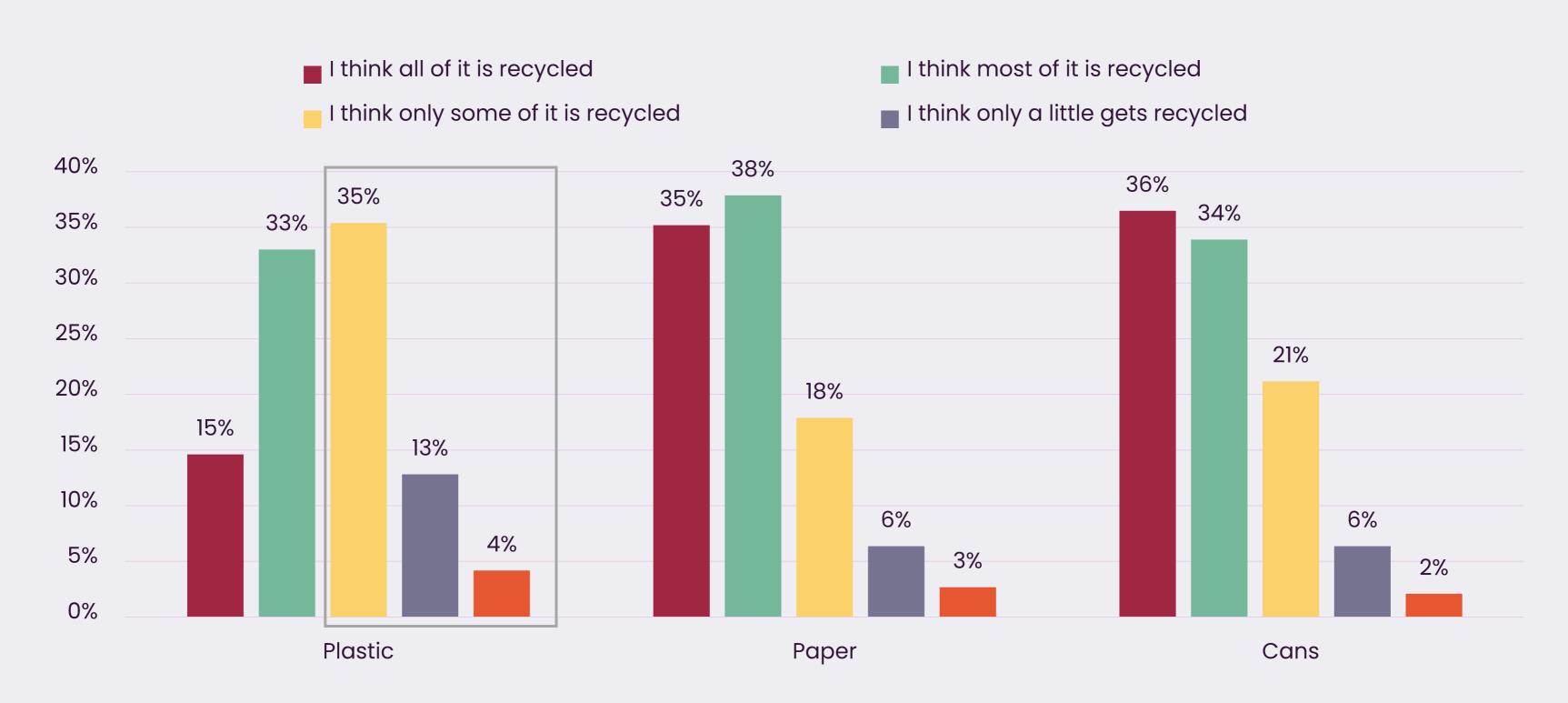


Addressing packaging remains consumers top priority In making food & drink more sustainable



Base 1000 & 1006 And what do you think should be the top priority in terms of making the food & drink you buy more sustainable?

There is a degree of distrust amongst consumers regarding how much of their recycling actually gets recycled...particularly regarding plastic



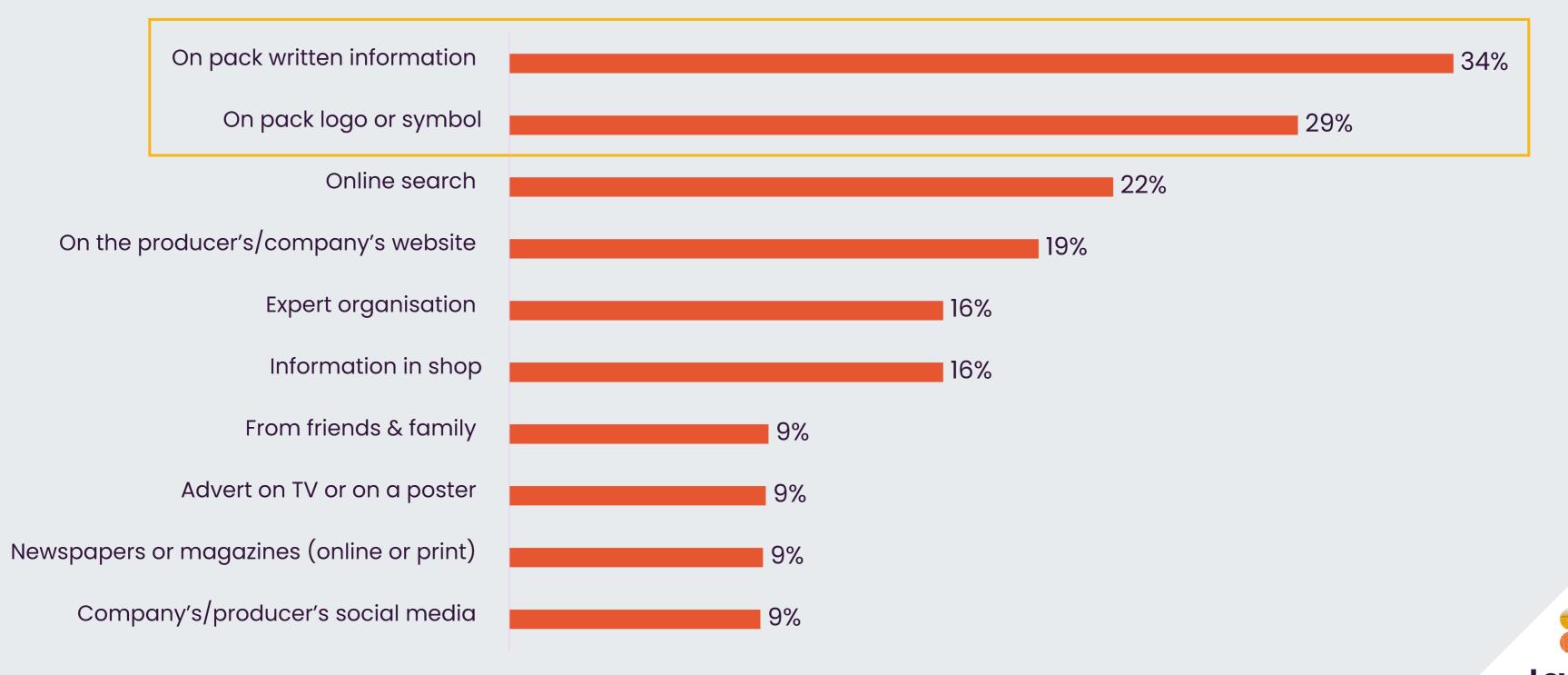
Base 1006 Q And to what extent do you feel that what you put into recycling gets recycled? Please answer for each of the following material types





Where Do Consumers Expect to Find Out Whether a Product or Brand is Responsibly Produced?

Clear on pack information is key



The influence of Eco Labelling is more likely to act as a positive halo effect when considering new products/brands than causing consumers to fully switch from favourites











A favourite brand or product was given a poor eco rating

Would not buy it 16%

Would be less likely to do so 48%

A brand or product I hadn't purchased before was given a good eco rating

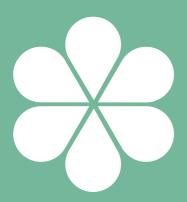
26% would be much more likely to consider it

44% would be more likely to consider it

A brand was given a good eco rating

35% would think much more highly of the brand

37% would think slightly more highly of the brand



So What?

Sustainable packaging is a key area consumers will judge producers on.

Clear sustainability 'credentials' on packaging will help consumers make sustainable choices.

Potential to give low eco impact products a competitive advantage (all other things being equal).

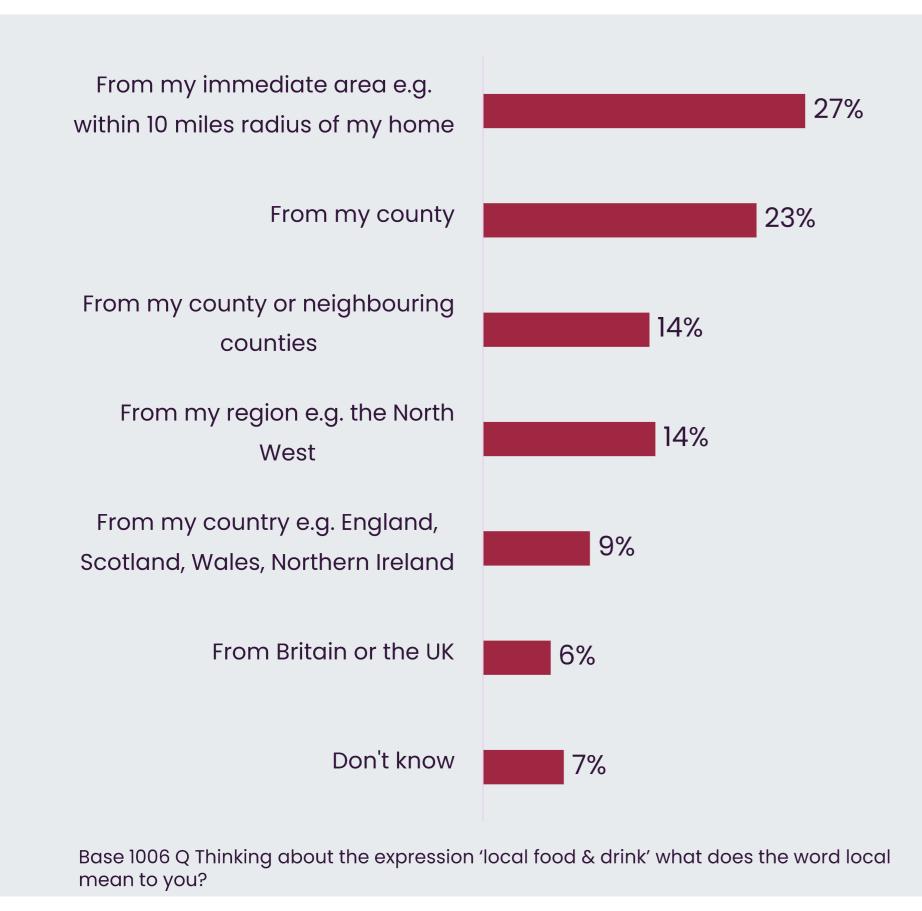
What Do People
Think About Local
Food & Drink?



There is a strong desire for locally sourced products



What Does Local Food & Drink Mean?





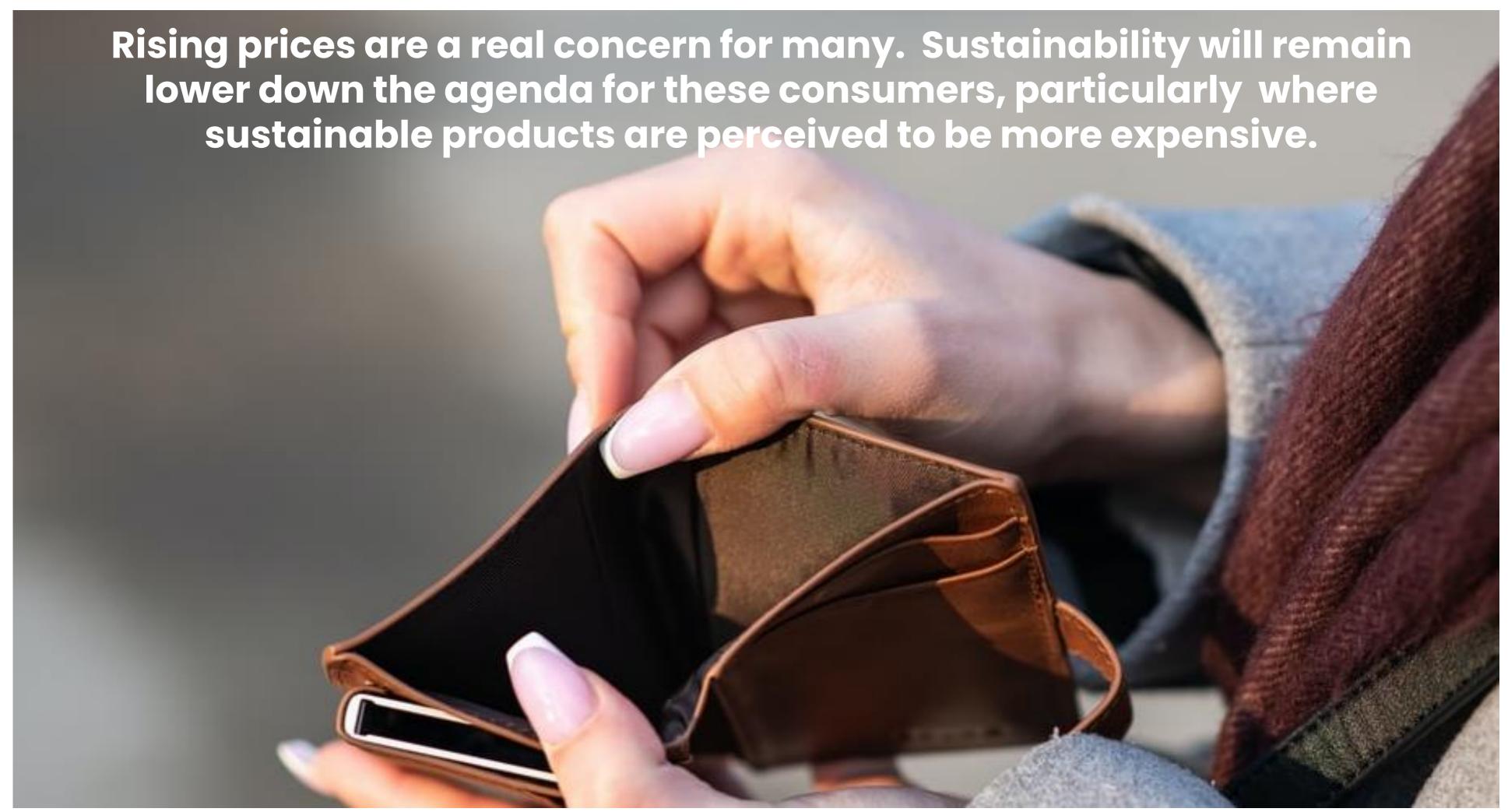


So What?

Increased availability of local food is important for consumers, but the challenge will be how to deliver hyper local products into national retail networks.



In the short term most consumers are not going to actively push the sustainability agenda through changing what they buy.



They are also reluctant to change habits that do not provide an immediate personal benefit or that would make their life more difficult



What do we need to do?

Make it easy for consumers

- 1. Clear sustainability labelling to make sustainable shopping easier.
 - 2. Sustainable packaging for all products.

Fair pricing

Do not charge a premium just because you are sustainable.

There is willingness to pay slightly more, but only if consumers feel they are not taking on the full burden.

Drop us a line



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